



JOHNS HOPKINS

BIOMEDICAL ENGINEERING



Monday October 13, 1:00PM, Ross G007

Light lunch will be provided at noon



Decoding Ca²⁺ at a Ca²⁺ cocktail party—How calmodulin listens as it regulates Ca²⁺ channels

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Abstract: Cells rely on Ca²⁺ fluctuations as a universal means of communication—a *lingua franca* of life at the microscopic level. For example, a sudden inrush of Ca²⁺ triggers nerve cells to convey the thoughts of our brain; and like bursts of Ca²⁺ cause a heart cell to beat. A longstanding mystery has been how cells and molecules manage to appropriately sense and respond to a cacophony of Ca²⁺ fluctuations within cells. One particularly elegant and powerful example of optimal Ca²⁺ decoding concerns the widespread Ca²⁺ bio-sensor *calmodulin*. This sensor is often positioned right near a cellular Ca²⁺ entry portal, called a *Ca²⁺ channel*. While this configuration aides rapid reception of the local Ca²⁺ flow, it entails serious challenges on another front. In particular, if calmodulin were to respond only to this local Ca²⁺, and altogether ignore Ca²⁺ entering through other entry portals at a distance, cellular havoc would result. It would be as if you could only listen to yourself or a close confidant, and never pay attention to the concerns of others. Several years ago, we discovered that calmodulin can somehow switch focus between local Ca²⁺ and global Ca²⁺ entering at a distance, much like we can focus on conversations near and afar in a cocktail party. In this manner, calmodulin can preserve cellular harmony. How this remarkable and vital capability arises has been an utter paradox, given the large degree to which local Ca²⁺ dwarfs global Ca²⁺. This talk reveals the answer to this mystery, and offers a revealing look at the mechanistic secrets underlying biological signal processing.

Upcoming seminars:

October 20: Dr. Justin Sanchez, Univ. of Florida, Gainesville

October 27: Dr. Atam Dhawan, New Jersey Institute of Technology

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